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Case Report

In-vitro Gastric acid percent neutralizing potential of household remedies verses marketed antacid preparation: A case report

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ABSTRACT

Gastric acidity is a very common condition among the peoples of developing and developed countries. Increased gastric pH is associated with gastric ulceration, Bleeding ulcers, GERD, heartburn, discomfort, nausea and vomiting. The instant and quick relief from acidity can be obtained by oral administration of antacids. Current study was carried out to determine the acid neutralizing effect of household remedies like cold milk, Baking soda, Baking soda + citric acid in water verses marketed preparations like Effervescent granules (ENO, Digene) and liquid antacid Gelusil (5ml and 10ml). Gastric simulation fluid of pH1.2 was prepared and pH was recorded before and after addition of marketed antacid/ household remedies. Observations were recorded in multiple of three for 0 min to 60 min. percent acid neutralization were calculated for each marketed/ household preparation. Results advocate that baking soda in water and Gelusil 10ml shows significant percent acid neutralization 444.35% and 428.57% respectively. The effect of acid neutralization of baking soda in water was instant and remained same whereas Gelusil 10ml showed progressive acid neutralization over a period of time. Effervescent granules ENO and Digene showed 322.58303.14% acid neutralization respectively. Milk 259.67% Gelusil188.28% and Baking soda + citric acid in Water421.25% showed acid neutralization. From results it can be concluded that household remedies are also significantly effective to control the acidity.

Keywords: Antacid, Effervescent granules, Milk, Baking soda. % acid neutralization.

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INTRODUCTION:

Increase gastric pH is very common condition among the children's, Younger's, adults and old age persons. Many causative reasons contributes to increase the acidity like Modern life style, Drugs, Smoking, alcohol addiction, spicy food, stressful conditions, inadequate sleep, chewing tobacco, beverages etc. acidity can be controlled by minimizing above causative factors. In certain unavoidable conditions like stressful work, work in night shift or daily dose of medication acidity must be controlled by drug treatment.

Continuous increase in gastric pH and lack of treatment leads to severe complications like heart burn, gastric and duodenal ulcer, GI bleeding and GERD. Instant and quick relieve can be given by oral administration of acid neutralizing agents and prophylaxis treatment with ulcer healing drugs.

Antacids are alkaline that are used as acid-neutralizing agents for protection against stomach acidity related disorders. It is an inexpensive and safe over-the-counter (OTC) medication that is available in tablet, effervescent granules or suspension form. It can neutralize the gastric

acid fairly rapidly and is often used for immediate symptomatic relief. Certainly the carbonate antacids (sodium bicarbonate and calcium carbonate) can cause excessive belching, nausea, abdominal distention, and flatulence. These antacids when used in high doses or in patient with kidney failure may result in metabolic alkalosis. Magnesium and aluminum salts due to the opposite effects in may have increase bowel movement. Whereas aluminum salts may result in constipation, magnesium can lead to diarrhea.

Various home remedies are available to overcome the effect of antacid and successfully control the acidity. Among them cold milk and spoon of baking soda are very common. Current study was conducted to screen the acid neutralizing effect of home remedies against marketed acid neutralizing preparations.

Objective:

Objective of current studies are:

1. To screen the In vitro acid neutralizing potential of household remedies verses marketed antacid preparation.

2. To screen the percentage acid neutralization and duration of action.

EXPERIMENTAL METHOD:

Preparation of Gastric simulation fluid:

Gastric simulation fluid is prepared by adding 2gm of NaCl+ 7ml HCl+ 3.2gm of purified pepsin and volume is making up to 1000ml of deionized water. PH of GSF is 1.2.

Screening of acid neutralizing effect:

1. For Marketed preparation:

a. Effervescent Granules:

Two common marketed preparations of Effervescent Granules (ENO and Gasofast) were added in 200 ml of drinking water. Prepared antacid solution was added in 200 ml GSF. pH was recorded before and after addition of antacid solution. Change in pH was recorded after every 10 min for next 1 hour.

b. Antacid suspension:

Antacid suspension (Gelosile) 5 ml and 10ml was added in 200 ml GSF. pH was recorded before and after addition of antacid solution. Change in pH was recorded after every 10 min for next 1 hour.

2. For Household remedies:

a. Cold Milk:

Cold milk 200ml was added in 200 ml GSF. pH was recorded before and after addition of antacid solution. Change in pH was recorded after every 10 min for next 1 hour.

b. Baking Soda:

2gm of baking soda with and without citric acid was added in 200 ml drinking water. Prepared solutions were added 200 ml GSF. pH was recorded before and after addition of antacid solution. Change in pH was recorded after every 10 min for next 1 hour.

Percentage inhibition was calculated by change in pH before and after addition of respective antacid.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION:

Percent Acid neutralizing effect of Marketed preparation verses Home remedies

Marketed Preparation	Initial pH of GSF	GSF pH after Addition	After 10 Min	After 20 Min	After 30 Min	After 40 Min	After 50 Min	After 60 Min
ENO (ENO sachet of 6gm added in 200ml water + GSF)								
Mean	1.24	5.18	5.20	5.23	5.23	5.24	5.24	5.24
% Acid neutralization	-----	317.74	319.35	321.77	321.77	322.58	322.58	322.58
Digene (Digene sachet of 6gm added in 200ml water + GSF)								
Mean	1.27	5.01	5.05	5.07	5.07	5.04	5.06	5.12
% Acid neutralization	-----	294.48	397.63	299.21	299.21	296.85	298.42	303.14
Gelusil 5ml (Gelusil 5ml Added in 200ml water + GSF)								
Mean	1.28	1.34	2.30	2.73	3.06	3.27	3.40	3.69
% Acid neutralization	-----	34	79.68	113.28	139.06	155.46	165.62	188.28
Gelusil 10ml (Gelusil10ml Added in 200ml water + GSF)								
Mean	1.26	6.15	6.23	6.43	6.48	6.58	6.63	6.66
% neutralization	-----	388.09	394.44	410.31	414.28	422.22	426.19	428.57
Cold Milk (200ml cold milk + 200 ml GSF)								
Mean	1.24	4.41	4.29	4.35	4.40	4.64	4.78	4.46
% Acid neutralization	-----	255.64	245.96	250.80	254.83	274.19	285.48	259.67
Baking soda in Water (2gm baking soda added in 200ml water + 200ml GSF)								
Mean	1.24	6.69	6.66	6.67	6.68	6.69	6.72	6.75
% Acid neutralization	-----	439.51	437.09	437.90	438.70	461.29	441.93	444.35
Baking soda + citric acid in Water (2gm baking soda + 2ml citric acid added in 200ml water + 200ml GSF)								
Mean	1.27	6.49	6.55	6.58	6.59	6.60	6.61	6.62
% Acid neutralization	-----	411.02	415.74	418.11	418.89	419.68	426.47	421.25

CONCLUSION:

From current study it can be concluded that household remedies like cold milk, baking soda in water and baking soda + citric acid in water have significant potential to

control and neutralize acidity. In certain liver and kidney disease effervescent granules are contra-indicated where household remedies will be able to implement. Also household remedies are cheap and cost effective as compared to marketed antacid preparations.

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